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to be the weight raised between the screws and mawls.

The distance between two contiguous threads of each screw was 1½ inches; the length of the two opposite levers was 12 feet 8 inches, or 152 inches, and described a circumference of 477½ inches: each screw was worked by 8 men: their force, reckoned at 30 fb. each, makes the power working on each screw equal to 240 fb.

Hence, from the known property, each screw could

raise 65485 tb.

And the 18 screws raised 1178730 tb.

Then there remained 570802 th. to be raised

among about 126 mawls:

Which gives 4530 th, or a little more than two tons, to be raifed by each man with his mawl and wedges; which is considerably less than what I have seen raised by way of experiment.

XXXV. Observations on an Evening, or rather Nocturnal, Solar Iris. By Mr. George Edwards, Librarian of the College of Physicians.

To the Reverend Dr. Birch.

SIR,

Read June 16, N Sunday evening the 5th of June 1757. N Sunday evening the 5th of June 1757, being walking in the fields near Islington, about half a mile north of the upper reservoir or bason of the New River, I observed the sun

fun to fink beneath the visible horizon to the northwest, it being very clear in that quarter, except some thin clouds a little above the horizon, which were painted of fine red and golden colours, as is usual when the fun fets in a calm clear evening. about 20 minutes after sun-set, as near as I could judge, it then being darkish, I was greatly surprised to see an Iris in the dusky air, at a height greater. than is feen at any time in the rainbow. It was in the contrary quarter of the heavens to the fetting fun, and fell on the smoke, mists, and evening vapours arifing from the city of London and its neighbourhood. The arch seemed to be a full half circle. tho' its lower parts fell some degrees short of the It was very distinctly seen for about 15 Its colours the same as in the rainbow, but fainter. The lower ends of the bow arose gradually higher from the earth, as the fun declined beneath the horizon, until the whole arch disappeared. The center of the arch was above the horizon at its first appearance. What most perplexed me, was, to find the cause of this painted arch. could not believe, that it proceeded from the funbeams falling on rain; for there had been none that afternoon; nor was there any fort of figns of rain or rainy clouds to be feen; the wind being northerly, and the air cool, and somewhat hazy in the quarter where the bow appeared; which was not near fo bright as the rainbow appears to be in the day-time; and I believe, that it would not have been visible at all in the presence of the sun. I imagine it was formed on the gross particles of the evening vapours, mixed with those of the smoke arising from the town;

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town; for had the fun-beams shot from beneath the horizon on falling rain at a confiderable height above the earth, I believe the darkness would have rendered the appearance of fuch a bow far brighter than it appears to the fight in the presence of the sun: this night or evening arch being reflected, as I suppose, from particles so minute as those of floating vapours, gave but little light and colour to the fight, and what would not have been visible, had the fun been above the horizon. For the same reason, the moon and stars are visible in the absence of the fun, and, on the contrary, are unfeen when the fun is prefent: and if we light a candle, and fet it in the fun-beams, the flame is loft to our fight, tho' the fame candle will give us a confiderable share of light in the night. As I have never before seen or heard of fuch an arch, I thought this account of it (imperfect as it is) might not be disagreeable to the Royal Society.

It could not be a lunar arch, the moon being then many degrees below the horizon, and the arch in a place, where it could not be affected by the moon's rays. The consciousness of my inability to give a proper account of such an uncommon appearance

could not deter me from the attempt.

I think I have faid all that is necessary on this subject; yet am ready to answer any question for the farther illustrating of it. I am,

Reverend Sir,

Your most humble Servant,

College of Physicians, London, June 6th, 1757.

Geo. Edwards.

XXXVI.